# WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT

AUDIT REPORT June 30, 2022



# WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT TABLE OF CONTENTS JUNE 30, 2022

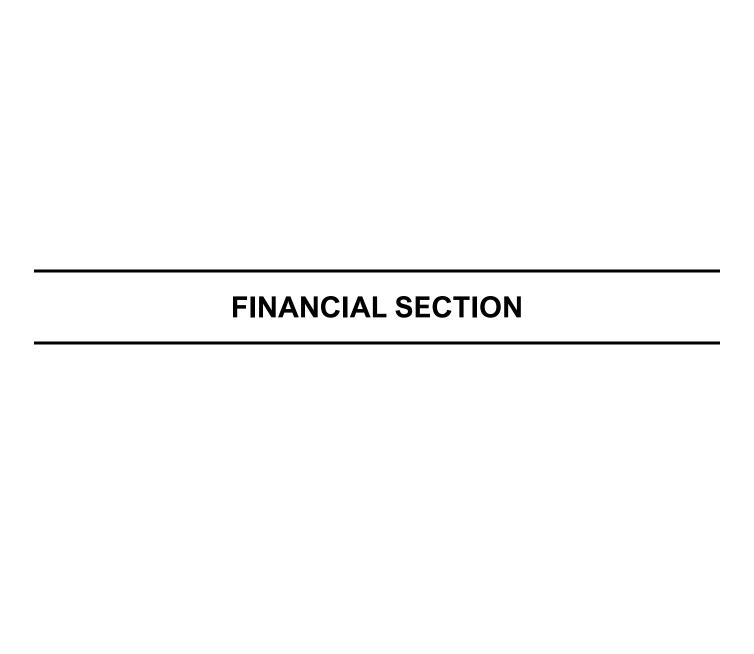
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#### REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Independent Auditors' Report

Governing Board Walnut Creek Elementary School District Walnut Creek, California

# **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

# **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Walnut Creek Elementary School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Walnut Creek Elementary School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Walnut Creek Elementary School District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

# **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Walnut Creek Elementary School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Walnut Creek Elementary School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user of the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
  appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of
  the Walnut Creek Elementary School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Walnut Creek Elementary School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, such as management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedules of changes in OPEB liability and related ratios, schedules of proportionate share of net pension liability, and schedules of district contributions for pensions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

# Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Walnut Creek Elementary School District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information listed in the table of contents, including the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

histy White, Inc.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 28, 2022 on our consideration of the Walnut Creek Elementary School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Walnut Creek Elementary School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Walnut Creek Elementary School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

San Diego, California November 28, 2022

# WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### INTRODUCTION

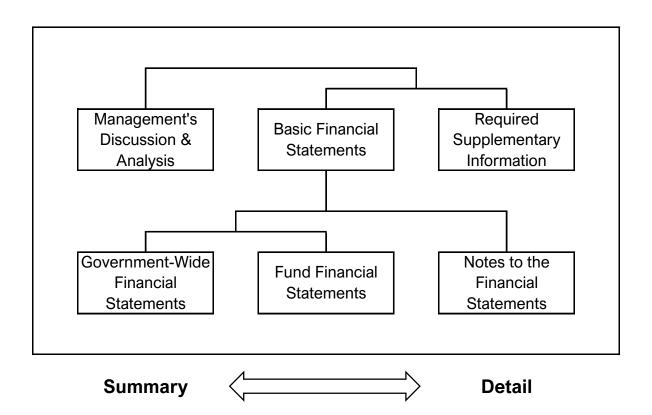
Our discussion and analysis of Walnut Creek Elementary School District's (District) financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. It should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

#### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

- The District's net position was \$(9,937,652) at June 30, 2022. This was an increase of \$4,311,931 from the prior year.
- Overall revenues were \$47,980,580 which exceeded expenses of \$43,668,649.

# **OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

# **Components of the Financial Section**



# **OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)**

# **Components of the Financial Section (continued)**

This annual report consists of three parts – Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The three sections together provide a comprehensive overview of the District. The basic financial statements are comprised of two kinds of statements that present financial information from different perspectives:

- **Government-wide financial statements**, which comprise the first two statements, provide both short-term and long-term information about the entity's overall financial position.
- Fund financial statements focus on reporting the individual parts of District operations in more detail. The fund financial statements comprise the remaining statements.
  - ▶ **Governmental Funds** provide a detailed *short-term* view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The basic financial statements are followed by a section of required and other supplementary information that further explain and support the financial statements.

#### **Government-Wide Statements**

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position is one way to measure the District's financial health. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

The government-wide financial statements of the District include governmental activities. All of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular education, food service, maintenance and general administration. Local control formula funding and federal and state grants finance most of these activities.

# FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE

# **Net Position**

The District's net position was \$(9,937,652) at June 30, 2022, as reflected in the table below. Of this amount, \$(29,223,137) was unrestricted. Restricted net position is reported separately to show legal constraints from debt covenants and enabling legislation that limit the Governing Board's ability to use that net position for day-to-day operations.

	Governmental Activities									
		2022		2021		Net Change				
ASSETS										
Current and other assets	\$	30,225,697	\$	39,456,175	\$	(9,230,478)				
Capital assets		68,307,571		61,194,558		7,113,013				
Total Assets		98,533,268		100,650,733		(2,117,465)				
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		7,846,671		10,451,126		(2,604,455)				
LIABILITIES										
Current liabilities		5,687,050		5,922,458		(235,408)				
Long-term liabilities		91,538,587		115,619,577		(24,080,990)				
Total Liabilities		97,225,637		121,542,035		(24,316,398)				
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		19,091,954		3,809,407		15,282,547				
NET POSITION										
Net investment in capital assets		12,147,725		8,496,338		3,651,387				
Restricted		7,137,760		9,610,913		(2,473,153)				
Unrestricted		(29,223,137)		(32,356,834)		3,133,697				
Total Net Position	\$	(9,937,652)	\$	(14,249,583)	\$	4,311,931				

# FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE (continued)

# **Changes in Net Position**

The results of this year's operations for the District as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities. The table below takes the information from the Statement and rearranges it slightly, so you can see our total revenues and expenses for the year.

	Governmental Activities							
		2022		2021	ı	Net Change		
REVENUES								
Program revenues								
Charges for services	\$	244,961	\$	1,116,614	\$	(871,653)		
Operating grants and contributions		8,152,933		7,276,066		876,867		
General revenues								
Property taxes		35,602,644		34,286,069		1,316,575		
Unrestricted federal and state aid		3,944,080		3,910,539		33,541		
Other		35,962		2,119,664		(2,083,702)		
Total Revenues		47,980,580		48,708,952		(728,372)		
EXPENSES								
Instruction		23,366,955		26,973,559		(3,606,604)		
Instruction-related services		4,740,780		5,744,390		(1,003,610)		
Pupil services		3,884,045		2,990,690		893,355		
General administration		2,657,771		2,965,755		(307,984)		
Plant services		4,234,566		3,675,835		558,731		
Debt service		1,915,817		2,267,518		(351,701)		
Depreciation		2,868,715		2,771,884		96,831		
Total Expenses		43,668,649		47,389,631		(3,720,982)		
Change in net position		4,311,931		1,319,321		2,992,610		
Net Position - Beginning		(14,249,583)		(15,568,904)		1,319,321		
Net Position - Ending	\$	(9,937,652)	\$	(14,249,583)	\$	4,311,931		

The cost of all our governmental activities this year was \$43,668,649. The amount that our taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through taxes was \$35,602,644 because a portion of the cost was paid by other governments and organizations who subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions.

# FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE (continued)

# **Changes in Net Position (continued)**

In the table below, we have presented the net cost of each of the District's functions. Net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the District's taxpayers by each of these functions. Providing this information allows our citizens to consider the cost of each function in comparison to the benefits they believe are provided by that function.

	Net Cost of Services								
		2022		2021					
Instruction	\$	18,984,927	\$	21,156,188					
Instruction-related services		4,345,315		5,053,042					
Pupil services		580,397		1,451,617					
General administration		2,468,423		2,793,985					
Plant services		4,107,161		3,502,717					
Debt service		1,915,817		2,267,518					
Depreciation		2,868,715		2,771,884					
Total	\$	35,270,755	\$	38,996,951					

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S MAJOR FUNDS

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds as well. As the District completed this year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$28,709,870 which is less than last year's ending fund balance of \$38,128,328. The District's General Fund had \$727,635 more in operating revenues than expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2022. The District's Building Fund had \$7,216,543 less in operating revenues than expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2022. The District's Bond Interest and Redemption Fund had \$763,614 less in operating revenues than expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2022.

# **CURRENT YEAR BUDGET 2021-2022**

During the fiscal year, budget revisions and appropriation transfers are presented to the Board for their approval on a periodic basis to reflect changes to both revenues and expenditures that become known during the year. In addition, the Board of Education approves financial projections included with the Adopted Budget, First Interim, and Second Interim financial reports. The Unaudited Actuals reflect the District's financial projections and current budget based on State and local financial information.

#### **CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM LIABILITIES**

# **Capital Assets**

By the end of 2021-2022 the District had invested \$68,307,571 in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation.

	Governmental Activities										
		2022		Net Change							
CAPITAL ASSETS											
Land	\$	2,738,587	\$	2,738,587	\$	-					
Construction in progress		28,568,314		19,934,005		8,634,309					
Land improvements		19,074,335		19,074,335		-					
Buildings & improvements		62,272,705		62,267,755		4,950					
Furniture & equipment		4,085,639		2,743,170		1,342,469					
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(48,432,009)		(45,563,294)		(2,868,715)					
Total Capital Assets	\$	68,307,571	\$	61,194,558	\$	7,113,013					

#### **Long-Term Liabilities**

At year-end, the District had \$91,538,587 in long-term liabilities, a decrease of 20.83% from last year – as shown in the table below. More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

	Governmental Activities										
		2022	2021	2021 Net							
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES											
Total general obligation bonds	\$	69,284,371 \$	73,039,288	\$	(3,754,917)						
Compensated absences		275,162	120,522		154,640						
Net OPEB liability		3,944,833	3,973,797		(28,964)						
Net pension liability		21,539,841	42,384,201		(20,844,360)						
Less: current portion of long-term liabilities		(3,505,620)	(3,898,231)		392,611						
Total Long-term Liabilities	\$	91,538,587 \$	115,619,577	\$	(24,080,990)						

#### **ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET**

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of several circumstances that could affect its future financial health.

In its September 2022 quarterly report, the UCLA Anderson Forecast stated the U.S. economy was likely to muddle along with below-trend growth and continued high inflation over the next twelve months. No recession is forecast at this time; however, the possibility still exists that persistent inflation and aggressive interest rate policy will lead to a hard landing of the economy, potentially triggering a recession. In California, defense spending and technology demands will likely keep the economy growing.

# **ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET (continued)**

Fiscal policy for the funding of public education changes annually based on fluctuations in State revenues. The May 2022 Budget Revision includes total funding of \$128.3 billion (\$78.4 billion General Fund and \$49.9 billion other funds) for all K-12 education programs, additionally, the revised spending plan further accelerates the implementation of the "California for All Kids" plan, which is a whole-child support framework designed to target inequities in educational outcomes among students from different demographic backgrounds and empower parents and families with more options and services. The Proposition 98 Guarantee continues to be in Test 1 for 2021-22 and 2022-23. To accommodate enrollment increases related to the expansion of transitional kindergarten, the Governor's Budget proposed re-benching the Test 1 percentage to increase the percentage of General Fund revenues due to the Guarantee, from 38.03 percent to approximately 38.4 percent. The May Revision updates the increased Test 1 percentage from approximately 38.4 percent to approximately 38.3 percent. At May Revision, the 2022-23 cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) is updated to 6.56 percent, the largest COLA in the history of LCFF.

The District participates in state employee pensions plans, California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) and both are underfunded. The District's proportionate share of the liability is reported in the Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2022. The amount of the liability is material to the financial position of the District. The CalSTRS projected employer contribution rate for 2022-23 is 19.10 percent. The CalPERS projected employer contribution rate for 2022-23 is 25.37 percent. The projected increased pension costs to school employers remain a significant fiscal factor.

Enrollment can fluctuate due to factors such as population growth, competition from private, parochial, inter-district transfers in or out, economic conditions and housing values. Losses in enrollment will cause a school district to lose operating revenues without necessarily permitting the district to make adjustments in fixed operating costs.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the District's budget for the 2022-23 fiscal year.

# CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, students, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need any additional financial information, contact the Chief Business Official at Walnut Creek School District, 960 Ygnacio Valley Road, Walnut Creek, California, 94597.

# WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and investments	\$ 27,339,077
Accounts receivable	2,864,445
Inventory	22,175
Capital assets, not depreciated	31,306,901
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	37,000,670
Total Assets	98,533,268
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows related to pensions	6,767,035
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	1,079,636
<b>Total Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>	7,846,671
LIABILITIES	
Accrued liabilities	1,916,477
Unearned revenue	264,953
Long-term liabilities, current portion	3,505,620
Long-term liabilities, non-current portion	91,538,587
Total Liabilities	97,225,637
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflows related to pensions	18,584,385
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	507,569
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	19,091,954
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	12,147,725
Restricted:	,
Capital projects	4,508
Debt service	4,245,401
Educational programs	2,114,809
Food service	773,042
Unrestricted	(29,223,137)
Total Net Position	\$ (9,937,652)

# WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Program Revenues					Revenues and Changes in Net Position			
Function/Programs		Expenses		narges for Services	(	Operating Grants and ontributions	Go	overnmental Activities		
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES										
Instruction	\$	23,366,955	\$	230,057	\$	4,151,971	\$	(18,984,927)		
Instruction-related services										
Instructional supervision and administration		1,429,110		4,061		220,431		(1,204,618)		
Instructional library, media, and technology		984,456		6,399		130,516		(847,541)		
School site administration		2,327,214		-		34,058		(2,293,156)		
Pupil services										
Home-to-school transportation		420,646		-		230,890		(189,756)		
Food services		1,745,698		1,683		2,428,464		684,449		
All other pupil services		1,717,701		-		642,611		(1,075,090)		
General administration										
Centralized data processing		62,981		-		-		(62,981)		
All other general administration		2,594,790		513		188,835		(2,405,442)		
Plant services		4,234,566		2,248		125,157		(4,107,161)		
Interest on long-term debt		1,915,817		-		-		(1,915,817)		
Depreciation (unallocated)		2,868,715		-		-		(2,868,715)		
Total Governmental Activities	\$	43,668,649	\$	244,961	\$	8,152,933		(35,270,755)		
	Gene	eral revenues								
	Tax	ces and subvent	ions							
	Р	roperty taxes, le	evied fo	r general purp	oses			29,143,570		
	Р	roperty taxes, le	evied fo	r debt service				4,977,673		
	Р	roperty taxes, le	evied fo	r other specifi	c purp	ooses		1,481,401		
	F	ederal and state	aid no	t restricted for	spec	ific purposes		3,944,080		
	Inte	erest and investr	nent ea	ırnings				(185,500)		
	Mis	scellaneous						221,462		
	Subt	otal, General F	Revenu	е				39,582,686		
	CHA	NGE IN NET PC	SITION	N			-	4,311,931		
	Net I	Position - Begii	nning					(14,249,583)		
	Net I	Position - Endir	ng				\$	(9,937,652)		

Net (Expenses)

# WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2022

	General Fun		General Fund		General Fund Building Fund		Bond Interest and Redemption Fund			Non-Major overnmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
ASSETS													
Cash and investments	\$	8,089,866	\$	13,403,210	\$	4,911,004	\$	934,997	\$	27,339,077			
Accounts receivable		2,621,433		-		-		243,012		2,864,445			
Stores inventory		-		-		-		22,175		22,175			
Total Assets	\$	10,711,299	\$	13,403,210	\$	4,911,004	\$	1,200,184	\$	30,225,697			
LIABILITIES													
Accrued liabilities	\$	956,303	\$	278,685	\$	-	\$	15,886	\$	1,250,874			
Unearned revenue		195,339		-		-		69,614		264,953			
Total Liabilities		1,151,642		278,685		-		85,500		1,515,827			
FUND BALANCES													
Nonspendable		35,000		-		-		22,175		57,175			
Restricted		2,114,809		13,124,525		4,911,004		777,550		20,927,888			
Assigned		-		-		-		314,959		314,959			
Unassigned		7,409,848								7,409,848			
Total Fund Balances		9,559,657		13,124,525		4,911,004		1,114,684		28,709,870			
<b>Total Liabilities and Fund Balances</b>	\$	10,711,299	\$	13,403,210	\$	4,911,004	\$	1,200,184	\$	30,225,697			

# WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$	28,709,870
Amounts reported for assets and liabilities for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:		
Capital assets:  In governmental funds, only current assets are reported. In the statement of net position		
all assets are reported, including capital assets and accumulated depreciation:		
Capital assets \$ 116,739,580		
Accumulated depreciation (48,432,009)	_	68,307,571
Unmatured interest on long-term debt:		
In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is not recognized until the period in which it matures and is paid. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is	;	
recognized in the period that it is incurred. The additional liability for unmatured interest owing at the end of the period was:		(665,603)
Long-term liabilities: In governmental funds, only current liabilities are reported. In the statement of net position all liabilities, including long-term liabilities, are reported. Long-term liabilities relating to governmental activities consist of:		
Total general obligation bonds \$ 69,284,371		
Compensated absences 275,162		
Net OPEB liability 3,944,833		
Net pension liability 21,539,841	_	(95,044,207)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions:  In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net		
position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are reported.		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions \$ 6,767,035		(44.047.050)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions (18,584,385)	_	(11,817,350)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB:  In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB are reported.		
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB \$ 1,079,636		

**Total Net Position - Governmental Activities** 

Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB

(507,569)

572,067

(9,937,652)

# WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Ge	eneral Fund	Ві	uilding Fund	Bond Interest an		Non-Major Governmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
REVENUES									
LCFF sources	\$	32,314,194	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	32,314,194
Federal sources		2,287,418		-		-	2,272,778		4,560,196
Other state sources		5,109,414		-	21,48	9	137,422		5,268,325
Other local sources		3,959,731		(85,306)	4,916,40	8	323,176		9,114,009
Total Revenues		43,670,757		(85,306)	4,937,89	7	2,733,376		51,256,724
EXPENDITURES									
Current									
Instruction		28,148,324		-		_	_		28,148,324
Instruction-related services									
Instructional supervision and administration		1,760,558		-		_	_		1,760,558
Instructional library, media, and technology		1,060,243		-		-	_		1,060,243
School site administration		2,710,912		-		-	-		2,710,912
Pupil services									
Home-to-school transportation		420,646		-		-	-		420,646
Food services		372		-		-	1,783,482		1,783,854
All other pupil services		2,056,036		-		-	-		2,056,036
General administration									
Centralized data processing		62,981		-		-	-		62,981
All other general administration		2,620,622		-		-	34,909		2,655,531
Plant services		4,019,062		42,957		-	12,772		4,074,791
Facilities acquisition and construction		83,366		7,088,280		-	3,068,149		10,239,795
Debt service									
Principal		-		-	3,526,68	7	-		3,526,687
Interest and other		-		-	2,174,82	4	-		2,174,824
Total Expenditures		42,943,122		7,131,237	5,701,51	1	4,899,312		60,675,182
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		727,635		(7,216,543)	(763,61	4)	(2,165,936)		(9,418,458)
Fund Balance - Beginning		8,832,022		20,341,068	5,674,61	,	3,280,620		38,128,328
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	9,559,657	\$	13,124,525	\$ 4,911,00			\$	28,709,870

# WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### **Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds**

\$ (9,418,458)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:

# Capital outlay:

In governmental funds, the costs of capital assets are reported as expenditures in the period when the assets are acquired. In the statement of activities, costs of capital assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. The difference between capital outlay expenditures and depreciation expense for the period is:

Expenditures for capital outlay: \$ 9,981,728

Depreciation expense: \$ (2,868,715) 7,113,013

#### Debt service:

In governmental funds, repayments of long-term debt are reported as expenditures. In the government-wide statements, repayments of long-term debt are reported as reductions of liabilities. Expenditures for repayment of the principal portion of long-term debt were:

3,526,687

# Unmatured interest on long-term debt:

In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is recognized in the period that it becomes due. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period it is incurred. Unmatured interest owing at the end of the period, less matured interest paid during the period but owing from the prior period, was:

30,777

### Accreted interest on long-term debt:

In governmental funds, accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds is not recorded as an expenditure from current sources. In the government-wide statement of activities, however, this is recorded as interest expense for the period.

(55,001)

# Compensated absences:

In governmental funds, compensated absences are measured by the amounts paid during the period. In the statement of activities, compensated absences are measured by the amount earned. The difference between compensated absences paid and compensated absences earned, was:

(154,640)

# Postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB):

In governmental funds, OPEB expenses are recognized when employer OPEB contributions are made. In the statement of activities, OPEB expenses are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between OPEB expenses and actual employer OPEB contributions was:

(442,190)

(continued on the following page)

# WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES, continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### Pensions:

In governmental funds, pension costs are recognized when employer contributions are made. In the government-wide statement of activities, pension costs are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between accrual-basis pension costs and employer contributions was:

3,428,512

#### Amortization of debt issuance premium or discount:

In governmental funds, if debt is issued at a premium or at a discount, the premium or discount is recognized as an Other Financing Source or an Other Financing Use in the period it is incurred. In the government-wide statements, the premium or discount is amortized over the life of the debt. Amortization of premium or discount for the period is:

283,231

# **Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities**

\$ 4,311,931

#### **NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

### A. Financial Reporting Entity

The Walnut Creek Elementary School District District (the "District") accounts for its financial transactions in accordance with the policies and procedures of the Department of Education's *California School Accounting Manual*. The accounting policies of the District conform to generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA).

The District operates under a locally elected Board form of government and provides educational services to grades K-8 as mandated by the state. A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student-related activities.

#### B. Component Units

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves their budget, the issuance of their debt or the levying of their taxes. In addition, component units are other legally separate organizations for which the District is not financially accountable but the nature and significance of the organization's relationship with the District is such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The District has no such component units.

# C. Basis of Presentation

**Government-Wide Statements.** The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government (the District). These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenue, and other non-exchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenue for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reserved for the statement of activities. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting of operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

# NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

# C. Basis of Presentation (continued)

**Fund Financial Statements.** The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for activities that are governmental in nature. Governmental activities are typically tax-supported and include education of pupils, operation of food service and child development programs, construction and maintenance of school facilities, and repayment of long-term debt.

# **Major Governmental Funds**

**General Fund:** The General Fund is the main operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all activities except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. In keeping with the minimum number of funds principle, all of the District's activities are reported in the General Fund unless there is a compelling reason to account for an activity in another fund. A District may have only one General Fund.

**Building Fund:** This fund exists primarily to account separately for proceeds from the sale of bonds (*Education Code Section* 15146) and may not be used for any purposes other than those for which the bonds were issued. Other authorized revenues to the Building Fund are proceeds from the sale or lease-with-option-to-purchase of real property (*Education Code Section* 17462) and revenue from rentals and leases of real property specifically authorized for deposit into the fund by the governing board (*Education Code Section* 41003).

**Bond Interest and Redemption Fund:** This fund is used for the repayment of bonds issued for the District (*Education Code Sections* 15125–15262). The board of supervisors of the county issues the bonds. The proceeds from the sale of the bonds are deposited in the county treasury to the Building Fund of the District. Any premiums or accrued interest received from the sale of the bonds must be deposited in the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund of the District. The county auditor maintains control over the District's Bond Interest and Redemption Fund. The principal and interest on the bonds must be paid by the county treasurer from taxes levied by the county auditor-controller.

# **Non-Major Governmental Funds**

**Special Revenue Funds:** Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The District maintains the following special revenue funds:

**Cafeteria Fund:** This fund is used to account separately for federal, state, and local resources to operate the food service program (*Education Code Sections* 38090–38093). The Cafeteria Fund shall be used only for those expenditures authorized by the governing board as necessary for the operation of the District's food service program (*Education Code Sections* 38091 and 38100).

# NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

# C. <u>Basis of Presentation (continued)</u>

# Non-Major Governmental Funds (continued)

Capital Project Funds: Capital project funds are established to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

**Capital Facilities Fund:** This fund is used primarily to account separately for moneys received from fees levied on developers or other agencies as a condition of approving a development (*Education Code Sections* 17620–17626). The authority for these levies may be county/city ordinances (*Government Code Sections* 65970–65981) or private agreements between the District and the developer. Interest earned in the Capital Facilities Fund is restricted to that fund (*Government Code Section* 66006).

**Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects:** This fund exists primarily to provide for the accumulation of General Fund moneys for capital outlay purposes (*Education Code Section* 42840).

# D. Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place.

Net Position equals assets and deferred outflows of resources minus liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. The net position should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on its use are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The net position restricted for other activities results from special revenue funds and the restrictions on their use.

#### **Governmental Funds**

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting.

# NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

# D. Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus (continued)

# Revenues – Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded under the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. "Available" means the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. Generally, "available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year-end. However, to achieve comparability of reporting among California school districts and so as not to distort normal revenue patterns, with specific respect to reimbursement grants and corrections to State-aid apportionments, the California Department of Education has defined available for school districts as collectible within one year.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, and entitlements. Under the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from the grants and entitlements is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specific purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. Under the modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

#### **Unearned Revenue**

Unearned revenue arises when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period or when resources are received by the District prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

Certain grants received that have not met eligibility requirements are recorded as unearned revenue. On the governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period are also recorded as unearned revenue.

#### **Expenses/Expenditures**

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time a liability is incurred. On the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, as under the accrual basis of accounting. However, under the modified accrual basis of accounting, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

# NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

# E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net</u> Position

# **Cash and Cash Equivalents**

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Cash equivalents also include cash with county treasury balances for purposes of the statement of cash flows.

#### **Investments**

Investments with original maturities greater than one year are stated at fair value. Fair value is estimated based on quoted market prices at year-end. All investments not required to be reported at fair value are stated at cost or amortized cost. Fair values of investments in county and State investment pools are determined by the program sponsor.

#### **Inventories**

Inventories are recorded using the purchases method in that the cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time the individual inventory items are requisitioned. Inventories are valued at historical cost and consist of expendable supplies held for consumption.

# **Capital Assets**

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Capital assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

Capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their acquisition value as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The District does not own any infrastructure as defined in GASB Statement No. 34. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized. All reported capital assets, except for land and construction in progress, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

## **Asset Class**

Buildings and Improvements Furniture and Equipment Site Improvements

## **Estimated Useful Life**

7 to 50 Years 5 to 20 Years 14 to 40 Years

# **Interfund Balances**

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "Due from other funds/Due to other funds." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities columns of the statement of net position.

# NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

# E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)</u>

#### **Compensated Absences**

Accumulated unpaid employee vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. For governmental funds, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is recognized upon the occurrence of relevant events such as employee resignations and retirements that occur prior to year-end that have not yet been paid with expendable available financial resource. These amounts are recorded in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid.

Accumulated sick leave benefits are not recognized as liabilities of the District. The District's policy is to record sick leave as an operating expense in the period taken because such benefits do not vest, nor is payment probable; however, unused sick leave is added to the creditable service period for calculation of retirement benefits when the employee retires.

# **Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations**

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds.

# **Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)**

For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense have been determined by an independent actuary. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Generally accepted accounting principles require the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined timeframes. For this report, the following timeframes are used:

Valuation Date June 30, 2021 Measurement Date June 30, 2021

Measurement Period July 1, 2020 - June 30, 2021

Gains and losses related to changes in total OPEB liability are recognized in OPEB expense systematically over time. The first amortized amounts are recognized in OPEB expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and are to be recognized in future OPEB expense. The amortization period differs depending on the source of gain or loss. The difference between projected and actual earnings is amortized on a straight-line basis over five years. All other amounts are amortized on a straight-line basis over the average expected remaining service lives of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive, and retired) at the beginning of the measurement period.

#### **Premiums and Discounts**

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method.

# NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

# E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)</u>

# **Deferred Outflows/Deferred Inflows of Resources**

In addition to assets, the District will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the District will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

#### **Pensions**

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the defined benefit pension plans (the Plans) of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

### **Fund Balance**

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable - The nonspendable fund balance classification reflects amounts that are not in spendable form. Examples include inventory, lease receivables (net of related deferred inflows), prepaid items, the long-term portion of loans receivable, and nonfinancial assets held for resale. This classification also reflects amounts that are in spendable form but that are legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as the principal of a permanent endowment.

Restricted - The restricted fund balance classification reflects amounts subject to externally imposed and legally enforceable constraints. Such constraints may be imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or may be imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed - The committed fund balance classification reflects amounts subject to internal constraints self-imposed by formal action of the Governing Board. The constraints giving rise to committed fund balance must be imposed no later than the end of the reporting period. The actual amounts may be determined subsequent to that date but prior to the issuance of the financial statements. In contrast to restricted fund balance, committed fund balance may be redirected by the government to other purposes as long as the original constraints are removed or modified in the same manner in which they were imposed, that is, by the same formal action of the Governing Board.

# NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

# E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)</u>

#### **Fund Balance (continued)**

Assigned - The assigned fund balance classification reflects amounts that the government *intends* to be used for specific purposes. Assignments may be established either by the Governing Board or by a designee of the governing body and are subject to neither the restricted nor committed levels of constraint. In contrast to the constraints giving rise to committed fund balance, constraints giving rise to assigned fund balance are not required to be imposed, modified, or removed by formal action of the Governing Board. The action does not require the same level of formality and may be delegated to another body or official. Additionally, the assignment need not be made before the end of the reporting period, but rather may be made any time prior to the issuance of the financial statements.

Unassigned - In the General Fund only, the unassigned fund balance classification reflects the residual balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that is not restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes. However, deficits in any fund, including the General Fund that cannot be eliminated by reducing or eliminating amounts assigned to other purposes are reported as negative unassigned fund balance.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

### F. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements. Interfund transfers are eliminated in the governmental activities columns of the statement of activities.

#### G. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

# NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

# H. Budgetary Data

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the California Education Code and requires the governing board to hold a public hearing and adopt an operating budget no later than July 1 of each year. The District governing board satisfied these requirements. The adopted budget is subject to amendment throughout the year to give consideration to unanticipated revenue and expenditures primarily resulting from events unknown at the time of budget adoption with the legal restriction that expenditures cannot exceed appropriations by major object account.

The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts after all budget amendments have been accounted for. For purposes of the budget, on-behalf payments have not been included as revenue and expenditures as required under generally accepted accounting principles.

# I. Property Tax

Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable in two installments on November 1 and February 1 and become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The County Auditor-Controller bills and collects the taxes on behalf of the District. Local property tax revenues are recorded when received.

# J. New Accounting Pronouncements

**GASB Statement No. 87** – In June 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*. This standard's primary objective is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. The statement was postponed by GASB Statement No. 95 and is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The District has implemented this Statement as of June 30, 2022.

**GASB Statement No. 91** – In May 2019, GASB issued Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*. This standard's primary objectives are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. The statement was postponed by GASB Statement No. 95 and is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2021. The District has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

**GASB Statement No. 92** – In January 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*. This standard's primary objectives are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. A portion of this statement was effective upon issuance, while the majority of this statement was postponed by GASB Statement No. 95 and is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The District has fully implemented this Statement as of June 30, 2022.

# NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

# J. New Accounting Pronouncements (continued)

**GASB Statement No. 96** – In May 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*. This statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for governments. This statement defines a SBITA; establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, *Leases*, as amended. The statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2022. The District has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 97 – In June 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32. This standard's primary objectives are to increase consistency and comparability related to reporting fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; to mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and to enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans (Section 457 plans) that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. The statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The District has implemented this Statement as of June 30, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 99 - In April 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 99, Omnibus 2022. The objectives of this statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The statement addresses various practice issues, including: (a) clarification of provisions in Statement No. 87, Leases, as amended, related to the determination of the lease term, classification of a lease as a short-term lease, recognition and measurement of a lease liability and a lease asset, and identification of lease incentives, (b) disclosures related to nonmonetary transactions; clarification of provisions in Statement No. 34. Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments, as amended, related to the focus of the government-wide financial statements, (c) terminology updates related to certain provisions of Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position, and (d) terminology used in Statement 53 to refer to resource flows statements. A portion of this statement was effective upon issuance, while the remaining portions of this statement were effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2022 and for periods beginning after June 15, 2023. The District has implemented the requirements that were effective upon issuance but has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements for the requirements of this statement that are not yet effective.

**GASB Statement No. 100** – In June 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 100, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections* – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62. The primary objective of this statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. This statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2023. The District has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

# NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

# J. New Accounting Pronouncements (continued)

**GASB Statement No. 101** – In June 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. The objective of this statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. This statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2023. The District has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

#### **NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS**

# A. Summary of Cash and Investments

	Governmental					
	Activities					
Investment in county treasury	\$	27,634,821				
Fair market value adjustment		(333,844)				
Cash on hand and in banks		3,100				
Cash in revolving fund		35,000				
Total	\$	27,339,077				

# **B.** Policies and Practices

The District is authorized under California Government Code to make direct investments in local agency bonds, notes, or warrants within the state; U.S. Treasury instruments; registered state warrants or treasury notes; securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements; medium term corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies, certificates of participation, obligations with first priority security; collateralized mortgage obligations; and the County Investment Pool.

**Investment in County Treasury** – The District maintains substantially all of its cash in the County Treasury in accordance with *Education Code Section* 41001. The Contra Costa County Treasurer's pooled investments are managed by the County Treasurer who reports on a monthly basis to the board of supervisors. In addition, the function of the County Treasury Oversight Committee is to review and monitor the County's investment policy. The committee membership includes the Treasurer and Tax Collector, the Auditor-Controller, Chief Administrative Officer, Superintendent of Schools Representative, and a public member. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

# NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

# C. General Authorizations

Except for investments by trustees of debt proceeds, the authority to invest District funds deposited with the county treasury is delegated to the County Treasurer and Tax Collector. Additional information about the investment policy of the County Treasurer and Tax Collector may be obtained from its website. The table below identifies the investment types permitted by California Government Code.

	Maximum Remaining	Maximum Percentage of	Maximum Investment in
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	Portfolio	One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
U. S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U. S. Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptance	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20% of base	None
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Joint Powers Authority Pools	N/A	None	None

#### D. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in the County Treasury. The District maintains a pooled investment with the County Treasury with a fair value of approximately \$27,300,977. The average weighted maturity for this pool is 266 days.

# E. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The investments in the County Treasury are not required to be rated.

# NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

# F. Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law. The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110 percent of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150 percent of the secured public deposits and letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105 percent of the secured deposits. As of June 30, 2022, the District's bank balance was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

# G. Fair Value

The District categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value. The following provides a summary of the hierarchy used to measure fair value:

Level 1 - Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets.

Level 2 - Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 - Unobservable inputs should be developed using the best information available under the circumstances, which might include the District's own data. The District should adjust that data if reasonable available information indicates that other market participants would use different data or certain circumstances specific to the District are not available to other market participants.

Uncategorized - Investments in the Contra Costa County Treasury Investment Pool are not measured using the input levels above because the District's transactions are based on a stable net asset value per share. All contributions and redemptions are transacted at \$1.00 net asset value per share.

The District's fair value measurements at June 30, 2022 were as follows:

	Un	categorized
Investment in county treasury	\$	27,300,977
Total	\$	27,300,977

# **NOTE 3 – ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE**

Accounts receivable at June 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

			Governmental			
	Ge	neral Fund	Funds		Activities	
Federal Government						
Categorical aid	\$	1,504,410	\$ 228,452	\$	1,732,862	
State Government						
Apportionment		134,213	-		134,213	
Categorical aid		651,258	14,560		665,818	
Lottery		238,121	-		238,121	
Local Government						
Other local sources		93,431	-		93,431	
Total	\$	2,621,433	\$ 243,012	\$	2,864,445	

# **NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

	Balance July 01, 2021			Additions	Deletions		Balance ne 30, 2022	
Governmental Activities								
Capital assets not being depreciated								
Land	\$	2,738,587	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 2,738,587	
Construction in progress		19,934,005		8,634,309		-	28,568,314	
Total capital assets not being depreciated		22,672,592		8,634,309		-	31,306,901	
Capital assets being depreciated								
Land improvements		19,074,335		-		-	19,074,335	
Buildings & improvements		62,267,755		4,950		-	62,272,705	
Furniture & equipment		2,743,170		1,342,469		-	4,085,639	
Total capital assets being depreciated		84,085,260		1,347,419		-	85,432,679	
Less: Accumulated depreciation							 _	
Land improvements		13,817,080		682,378		-	14,499,458	
Buildings & improvements		30,650,721		1,906,748		-	32,557,469	
Furniture & equipment		1,095,493		279,589		-	1,375,082	
Total accumulated depreciation		45,563,294		2,868,715		-	48,432,009	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		38,521,966		(1,521,296)		-	37,000,670	
Governmental Activities								
Capital Assets, net	\$	61,194,558	\$	7,113,013	\$	-	\$ 68,307,571	

# **NOTE 5 – ACCRUED LIABILITIES**

Accrued liabilities at June 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

						Non-Major overnmental			G	overnmental
	Gen	General Fund Building Fund Funds District-Wide								
Payroll	\$	233,658	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	233,658
Construction		-		278,685		-		-		278,685
Vendors payable		722,645		-		15,886		-		738,531
Unmatured interest		-		-		-		665,603		665,603
Total	\$	956,303	\$	278,685	\$	15,886	\$	665,603	\$	1,916,477

#### **NOTE 6 – UNEARNED REVENUE**

Unearned revenue at June 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

	Non-Major							
			G	overnmental	G	overnmental		
	Gen	eral Fund		Funds	Activities			
Federal sources	\$	9,210	\$	-	\$	9,210		
State categorical sources		186,129		-		186,129		
Local sources		-		69,614		69,614		
Total	\$	195,339	\$	69,614	\$	264,953		

# **NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES**

A schedule of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

		Balance				Balance	Е	Balance Due
	Jı	ıly 01, 2021	Additions	Deductions	,	June 30, 2022	ı	n One Year
Governmental Activities	·							_
General obligation bonds	\$	68,861,852	\$ 143,314	\$ 3,615,000	\$	65,390,166	\$	3,222,389
Unamortized premium		4,177,436	-	283,231		3,894,205		283,231
Total general obligation bonds		73,039,288	143,314	3,898,231		69,284,371		3,505,620
Compensated absences		120,522	154,640	-		275,162		-
Net OPEB liability		3,973,797	-	28,964		3,944,833		-
Net pension liability		42,384,201	-	20,844,360		21,539,841		<u>-</u> _
Total	\$	119,517,808	\$ 297,954	\$ 24,771,555	\$	95,044,207	\$	3,505,620

- Payments for general obligation bonds are made in the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund.
- Payments for compensated absences are typically liquidated in the General Fund and the Non-Major Governmental Funds.

## NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (continued)

## A. General Obligation Bonds

The general obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2022 are summarized as follows:

Series	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Original Issue	Bonds utstanding ly 01, 2021	Additions	Deductions	Bonds utstanding ne 30, 2022
2002 Series D	5/13/2010	2026	4.10% - 4.25%	\$ 2,035,000	\$ 2,035,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,035,000
2002 Series E	5/13/2010	2024	3.00% - 5.625%	1,964,628	2,636,852	143,314	215,000	2,565,166
2012 Refunding	7/31/2012	2027	4.00% - 4.80%	8,420,000	1,995,000	-	1,110,000	885,000
2015 Refunding	6/11/2015	2031	3.00% - 5.00%	14,030,000	8,865,000	-	1,130,000	7,735,000
2016 Series A	10/5/2016	2047	3.00% - 5.00%	20,000,000	14,050,000	-	410,000	13,640,000
2016 Series B	5/21/2019	2044	2.125% - 5.00%	20,000,000	19,280,000	-	750,000	18,530,000
2016 Series C	10/7/2020	2046	2.00% - 5.00%	20,000,000	20,000,000	-	-	20,000,000
					\$ 68,861,852	\$ 143,314	\$ 3,615,000	\$ 65,390,166

The annual requirements to amortize general obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2022, including accreted interest, is as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 3,222,389	\$ 1,995,510	\$ 5,217,899
2024	2,407,318	1,867,609	4,274,927
2025	2,870,000	1,788,561	4,658,561
2026	2,715,000	1,658,724	4,373,724
2027	1,870,000	1,543,526	3,413,526
2028 - 2032	9,105,000	6,612,897	15,717,897
2033 - 2037	10,075,000	5,172,612	15,247,612
2038 - 2042	14,625,000	3,648,612	18,273,612
2043 - 2047	17,270,000	1,319,687	18,589,687
Accretion	1,230,459	(1,230,459)	-
Total	\$ 65,390,166	\$ 24,377,279	\$ 89,767,445

### **B.** Compensated Absences

Total unpaid employee compensated absences as of June 30, 2022 amounted to \$275,162. This amount is included as part of long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements.

## C. Other Postemployment Benefits

The District's beginning net OPEB liability was \$3,973,797 and decreased by \$28,964 during the year ended June 30, 2022. The ending net OPEB liability at June 30, 2022 was \$3,944,833 which represents the total OPEB liability reported for the District Plan and its proportionate share of the net MPP Program OPEB liability. See Note 9 for additional information regarding the net OPEB liability.

### D. Net Pension Liability

The District's beginning net pension liability was \$42,384,201 and decreased by \$20,844,360 during the year ended June 30, 2022. The ending net pension liability at June 30, 2022 was \$21,539,841. See Note 10 for additional information regarding the net pension liability.

#### **NOTE 8 – FUND BALANCES**

Fund balances were composed of the following elements at June 30, 2022:

	Gei	neral Fund	nd Building Fund		Bond Interest and Redemption Fund			Non-Major overnmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
Non-spendable										
Revolving cash	\$	35,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	35,000
Stores inventory		-		-		-		22,175		22,175
Total non-spendable		35,000		-		-		22,175		57,175
Restricted										
Educational programs		2,114,809		-		-		-		2,114,809
Food service		-		-		-		773,042		773,042
Capital projects		-		13,124,525		-		4,508		13,129,033
Debt service		-		-		4,911,004		-		4,911,004
Total restricted		2,114,809		13,124,525		4,911,004		777,550		20,927,888
Assigned	<u> </u>									
Other assignments		-		-		-		314,959		314,959
Total assigned		-		-		-		314,959		314,959
Unassigned		7,409,848		-		-		-		7,409,848
Total Fund Balance	\$	9,559,657	\$	13,124,525	\$	\$ 4,911,004	\$	1,114,684	\$	28,709,870

The District is committed to maintaining a prudent level of financial resources to protect against the need to reduce service levels because of temporary revenue shortfalls or unpredicted expenditures. The District's Minimum Fund Balance Policy requires a Reserve for Economic Uncertainties, consisting of unassigned amounts, equal to no less than three percent of General Fund expenditures and other financing uses.

### NOTE 9 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

## A. Plan Description

The Walnut Creek Elementary School District's defined benefit OPEB plan, Walnut Creek Elementary School District Retiree Benefit Plan (the Plan) is described below. The Plan is a single-employer defined benefit plan administered by the District. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75.

## Medicare Premium Payment (MPP) Program

The Medicare Premium Payment Program is a cost-sharing multiple-employer other postemployment benefit plan established pursuant to Chapter 1032, Statutes of 2000 (SB 1435). CalSTRS administers the MPP Program, through the Teachers' Health Benefit Fund. The MPP Program pays Medicare Part A premiums and Medicare Parts A and B late enrollment surcharges for eligible members of the Defined Benefit Program who were retired or began receiving a disability allowance prior to July 1, 2012, and were not eligible for premium free Medicare Part A. The payments are made directly to the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services on a monthly basis.

## B. OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position - MPP Program

Detailed information about the Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately-issued the Plan Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by contacting the District.

## NOTE 9 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

## C. Benefits Provided

The Plan provides medical and dental insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. Benefits are provided through a third-party insurer, and the full cost of benefits is covered by the Plan. The District's governing board has the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms as contained within the negotiated labor agreements.

## D. Contributions

For the measurement period, the District contributed \$111,327 to the Plan, all of which was used for current premiums.

## E. Plan Membership

Membership of the Plan consisted of the following:

	Number of participants
Inactive employees receiving benefits	14
Inactive employees entitled to but not receiving benefits*	-
Participating active employees	254
Total number of participants**	268

<sup>\*</sup>Information not provided

### F. Total OPEB Liability

The components of the net OPEB liability of the District at June 30, 2022, were as follows:

Total OPEB liability - District Plan	\$ 3,756,252
District's Proportionate Share of the Net MPP OPEB Liability	 188,581
District's total recorded net OPEB liability	\$ 3,944,833

<sup>\*\*</sup>As of the June 30, 2021 valuation date

## NOTE 9 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

## G. Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021 using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

## District Plan

## **Economic assumptions:**

Inflation2.50%Discount rate2.16%Salary increases2.75%Healthcare cost trend rates4.00%

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer 20-bond General Obligation Index.

Mortality rates were based on the 2020 CalSTRS Mortality Table for certificated employees and the 2017 CalPERS Active Mortality for Miscellaneous Employees Table for classified employees. Mortality rates vary by age and sex. (Unisex mortality rates are not often used as individual OPEB benefits do not depend on the mortality table used.) If employees die prior to retirement, past contributions are available to fund benefits for employees who live to retirement. After retirement, death results in benefit termination or reeducation. Although higher mortality rates reduce service costs, the mortality assumption is not likely to vary from employer to employer.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actual experience study for the period July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2021.

#### MPP Plan

## **Economic assumptions:**

Inflation 2.75% Discount rate 2.16%

Medicare cost trend rate 4.50% Part A and 5.40% Part B

## Non-economic assumptions:

## **Mortality Rates**

CalSTRS uses a generational mortality assumption, which involves the use of a base mortality table and projection scales to reflect expected annual reductions in mortality rates at each age, resulting in increases in life expectancies each year into the future. The base mortality tables are CalSTRS custom tables derived to best fit the patterns of mortality among our members. The projection scale was set equal to 110% of the ultimate improvement factor from the Mortality Improvement Scale (MP-2019) table issued by the Society of Actuaries.

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 2.16%. The MPP Program is funded on a pay-as you-go basis as previously noted, and under the pay-as-you-go method, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be sufficient to make projected future benefit payments. Therefore, the MPP Program used the Bond Buyer's 20-Bond GO Index from Bondybuyer.com as of June 30, 2021, as the discount rate, which was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to measure the total OPEB liability. The discount rate as of June 30, 2021, was 2.21%, which is a decrease of 0.05% from 2.21% as of June 30, 2020.

## NOTE 9 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

## H. Changes in Net OPEB Liability

	Ju	ne 30, 2022
Total OPEB Liability		
Service cost	\$	493,228
Interest on total OPEB liability		87,020
Difference between expected and actual experience		(432,054)
Changes of assumptions		(58,371)
Benefits payments		(111,327)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(21,504)
Total OPEB liability - beginning		3,777,756
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$	3,756,252
District's Proportionate Share of the Net MPP OPEB Liability (b)	\$	188,581
District's total recorded net OPEB liability - ending (a) + (b)	\$	3,944,833
Covered-employee payroll		N/A*

<sup>\*</sup>Note: The District's OPEB Plan is not administered through a trust and contributions are not made based on a measure of pay. Therefore, no measure of payroll is presented.

## I. Sensitivity of the OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the OPEB liability of the Walnut Creek Elementary School District, as well as what the District's OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	1%	6 Decrease (1.16%)		/aluation count Rate (2.16%)	19	% Increase (3.16%)
Total OPEB liability - District Plan	\$	3,986,342	\$	3,756,252	\$	3,533,392
	1%	6 Decrease (1.16%)	Dis	scount Rate (2.16%)	19	% Increase (3.16%)
Net OPEB liability - MPP Program	\$	207,869	\$	188,581	\$	172,103

## NOTE 9 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

## J. Sensitivity of the OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the OPEB liability of the Walnut Creek Elementary School District, as well as what the District's OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

			Heal	th Care Cost		
	1%	6 Decrease (3.00%)	Tı	rend Rate (4.00%)	_	6 Increase (5.00%)
Total OPEB liability - District Plan	\$	3,370,800	\$	3,756,252	\$	4,206,718
	1%	6 Decrease		licare Costs rend Rate	1%	6 Increase
	•	% Part A and 10% Part B)	•	% Part A and 0% Part B)	•	% Part A and 0% Part B)
Net OPEB liability - MPP Program	\$	171,493	\$	188,581	\$	208,173

## K. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Walnut Creek Elementary School District recognized OPEB expense of \$660,337. At June 30, 2022, the Walnut Creek Elementary School District reported deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	District Plan					Program
		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		red Inflows esources
Differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	\$	_	\$	-	\$	93
Differences between expected and						
actual experience		186,152		397,268		-
Changes in assumptions		760,260		81,045		-
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and						
proportionate share of contributions		-		-		29,163
District contributions subsequent						
to the measurement date		133,224		_		_
	\$	1,079,636	\$	478,313	\$	29,256

## NOTE 9 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

## K. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (continued)

The \$133,224 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

		Distri	MPP Program				
	Defer	<b>Deferred Outflows</b>		rred Inflows	Deferred Inflow		
Year Ended June 30,	of F	Resources	of F	Resources	of R	esources	
2022	\$	94,133	\$	44,044	\$	5,868	
2023		94,133		44,044		5,862	
2024		94,133		44,044		5,851	
2025		94,133		44,044		5,839	
2026		94,133		44,044		5,836	
Thereafter		475,747		258,093			
	\$	946,412	\$	478,313	\$	29,256	

### **NOTE 10 - PENSION PLANS**

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer contributory retirement plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Certificated employees are members of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS), and classified employees are members of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). The District reported its proportionate share of the net pension liabilities, pension expense, deferred outflow of resources, and deferred inflow of resources for each of the above plans as follows:

	N	et pension liability	outf	Deferred lows related pensions	erred inflows related to pensions	Pension expense
STRS Pension	\$	14,313,838	\$	5,217,607	\$ 15,645,924	\$ 195,775
PERS Pension		7,226,003		1,549,428	 2,938,461	 904,030
Total	\$	21,539,841	\$	6,767,035	\$ 18,584,385	\$ 1,099,805

## A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS)

#### **Plan Description**

The District contributes to the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS); a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalSTRS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the State Teachers' Retirement Law. CalSTRS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalSTRS annual financial report may be obtained from CalSTRS, 7919 Folsom Blvd., Sacramento, CA 95826.

## **NOTE 10 – PENSION PLANS (continued)**

## A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

#### **Benefits Provided**

The CalSTRS defined benefit plan has two benefit formulas:

- 1. CalSTRS 2% at 60: Members first hired on or before December 31, 2012, to perform service that could be creditable to CalSTRS. CalSTRS 2% at 60 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 60, with a minimum of five years of credited service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0 percent of final compensation for each year of credited service. Early retirement options are available at age 55 with five years of credited service or as early as age 50 with 30 years of credited service. The age factor for retirements after age 60 increases with each quarter year of age to 2.4 percent at age 63 or older. Members who have 30 years or more of credited service receive an additional increase of up to 0.2 percent to the age factor, known as the career factor. The maximum benefit with the career factor is 2.4 percent of final compensation.
- 2. CalSTRS 2% at 62: Members first hired on or after January 1, 2013, to perform service that could be creditable to CalSTRS. CalSTRS 2% at 62 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 62, with a minimum of five years of credited service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0 percent of final compensation for each year of credited service. An early retirement option is available at age 55. The age factor for retirement after age 62 increases with each quarter year of age to 2.4 percent at age 65 or older.

#### Contributions

Active plan CalSTRS 2% at 60 and 2% at 62 members are required to contribute 10.25% and 10.205% of their salary for fiscal year 2022, respectively, and the District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by CalSTRS Teachers' Retirement Board. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2022 was 16.92% of annual payroll. The contribution requirements of the plan members are established by state statute. Contributions to the plan from the District were \$3,194,604 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

## **On-Behalf Payments**

The District was the recipient of on-behalf payments made by the State of California to CalSTRS for K-12 education. These payments consist of state general fund contributions of approximately \$2,020,787 to CalSTRS.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the	
net pension liability	\$ 14,313,838
State's proportionate share of the net	
pension liability associated with the District	7,202,318
Total	\$ 21,516,156

## **NOTE 10 – PENSION PLANS (continued)**

## A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020 and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2021. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2021, the District's proportion was 0.031 percent, which was a decrease of 0.001 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$195,775. In addition, the District recognized pension expense and revenue of \$(1,255,357) for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 red Outflows Resources	erred Inflows Resources
Differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments Differences between expected and	\$ -	\$ 11,322,615
actual experience	35,857	1,523,291
Changes in assumptions	1,987,146	-
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and		
proportionate share of contributions	-	2,800,018
District contributions subsequent		
to the measurement date	 3,194,604	 
Total	\$ 5,217,607	\$ 15,645,924

The \$3,194,604 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Defer	red Outflows	Defe	erred Inflows	
Year Ended June 30,	of	Resources	Resources		
2023	\$	931,101	\$	4,140,385	
2024		932,044		3,056,064	
2025		290,259		3,584,343	
2026		(65,627)		3,975,473	
2027		(64,774)		593,775	
2028		-		295,884	
Total	\$	2,023,003	\$	15,645,924	

## **NOTE 10 – PENSION PLANS (continued)**

## A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

## **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2021 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Consumer Price Inflation	2.75%
Investment Rate of Return*	7.10%
Wage Inflation	3.50%

<sup>\*</sup> Net of investment expenses, but gross of administrative expenses.

CalSTRS uses custom mortality tables to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. These custom tables are based on MP-2016 series tables adjusted to fit CalSTRS experience.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2018.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The best-estimate ranges were developed using capital market assumptions from CalSTRS general investment consultant (Pension Consulting Alliance–PCA) as an input to the process. The actuarial investment rate of return assumption was adopted by the board in January 2020 in conjunction with the most recent experience study. For each current and future valuation, CalSTRS' independent consulting actuary (Milliman) reviews the return assumption for reasonableness based on the most current capital market assumptions. Best estimates of expected 20-year geometrically linked real rates of return and the assumed asset allocation for each major asset class as of June 30, 2021, are summarized in the following table:

	<b>Assumed Asset</b>	Long-Term Expected				
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return*				
Public Equity	42%	4.80%				
Real Estate	15%	3.60%				
Private Equity	13%	6.30%				
Fixed Income	12%	1.30%				
Risk Mitigating Strategies	10%	1.80%				
Inflation Sensitive	6%	3.30%				
Cash/Liquidity	2%	-0.40%				
	100%					

<sup>\*20-</sup>year geometric average

## NOTE 10 - PENSION PLANS (continued)

## A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates in accordance with the rate increases per AB 1469. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.10 percent) and assuming that contributions, benefit payments, and administrative expense occur midyear. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

# Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.10 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10 percent) than the current rate:

	1%		Current		1%	
	 Decrease (6.10%)	Discount Rate (7.10%)			Increase (8.10%)	
District's proportionate share of						
the net pension liability	\$ 29,137,852	\$	14,313,838	\$	2,010,190	

## **Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalSTRS financial report.

### B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS)

### **Plan Description**

The District contributes to the School Employer Pool under the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS); a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Laws. CalPERS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalPERS annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office, 400 P Street, Sacramento, CA 95811.

### **Benefits Provided**

The benefits for the defined benefit plan are based on members' years of service, age, final compensation, and benefit formula. Benefits are provided for disability, death, and survivors of eligible members or beneficiaries. Members become fully vested in their retirement benefits earned to date after five years of credited service.

## **NOTE 10 – PENSION PLANS (continued)**

## B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (continued)

#### **Contributions**

Active plan members who entered into the plan prior to January 1, 2013, are required to contribute 7.0% of their salary. The California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act (PEPRA) specifies that new members entering into the plan on or after January 1, 2013, shall pay the higher of fifty percent of normal costs or 7.0% of their salary. Additionally, for new members entering the plan on or after January 1, 2013, the employer is prohibited from paying any of the employee contribution to CalPERS unless the employer payment of the member's contribution is specified in an employment agreement or collective bargaining agreement that expires after January 1, 2013.

The District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by the CalPERS Board of Administration. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2022 was 22.91% of annual payroll. Contributions to the plan from the District were \$1,333,713 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$7,226,003 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020 and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2021. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2021, the District's proportion was 0.036 percent, which was unchanged from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$904,030. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 red Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	\$ -	\$	2,773,125		
Differences between expected and actual experience	215,715		17,035		
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and					
proportionate share of contributions  District contributions subsequent	-		148,301		
to the measurement date	1,333,713		-		
Total	\$ 1,549,428	\$	2,938,461		

## NOTE 10 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

## B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (continued)

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

The \$1,333,713 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	rred Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources			
·		ф.			
2023	\$ 160,453	Ф	765,012		
2024	51,340		705,404		
2025	3,922		696,785		
2026	 		771,260		
Total	\$ 215,715	\$	2,938,461		

## **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2021 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50%
Discount Rate	7.15%

Salary Increases Varies by Entry Age and Service

CalPERS uses custom mortality tables to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. These custom tables are derived using CalPERS' membership data for all funds. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using the Society of Actuaries Scale 90% of scale MP 2016.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from 1997 through 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. In determining the long-term expected rate of return, both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows were taken into account. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

## NOTE 10 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

## B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (continued)

## **Actuarial Assumptions (continued)**

The table below reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These geometric rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Real Return Years 1 – 10*	Real Return Years 11+**
Global Equity	50.0%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed Income	28.0%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation Assets	0.0%	0.77%	1.81%
Private Equity	8.0%	6.30%	7.23%
Real Assets	13.0%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1.0%	0.0%	-0.92%
	100.0%		

<sup>\*</sup>An expected inflation of 2.00% used for this period.

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15 percent. A projection of the expected benefit payments and contributions was performed to determine if assets would run out. The test revealed the assets would not run out. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability for the Schools Pool. The results of the crossover testing for the Schools Pool are presented in a detailed report that can be obtained at CalPERS' website.

# Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.15 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.15 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.15 percent) than the current rate:

	1%		Current		1%	
	 Decrease (6.15%)	Discount Rate (7.15%)			Increase (8.15%)	
District's proportionate share of	 					
the net pension liability	\$ 12,184,056	\$	7,226,003	\$	3,109,756	

## **Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial report.

<sup>\*\*</sup>An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period.

### **NOTE 11 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

### A. Grants

The District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2022.

### B. Litigation

The District is involved in various litigation arising from the normal course of business. In the opinion of management and legal counsel, the disposition of all litigation pending is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2022.

## C. Construction Commitments

As of June 30, 2022, the District had commitments with respect to unfinished capital projects of \$1,025,294.

#### **NOTE 12 – PARTICIPATION IN JOINT POWERS AUTHORITIES**

The District is a member of the East Bay School Insurance Group (EBSIG), Contra Costa County School Insurance Group (CCCSIG), and the Schools Self Insurance of Contra Costa County (SSICCC) public entity risk pools. The District pays an annual premium to the applicable entity for its health, workers' compensation, and property liability coverage. Payments for property and liabilities are paid to the EBSIG, payments for workers' compensation are paid to CCCSIG, and payments for dental and vision are paid to SSICCC. The relationships between the District, the pools, and the JPAs are such that they are not component units of the District for financial reporting purposes.

The JPAs have budgeting and financial reporting requirements independent of member units, and their financial statements are not presented in these financial statements. However, fund transactions between the JPAs and the District are included in these statements. The audited financial statements are generally available from the respective entities.

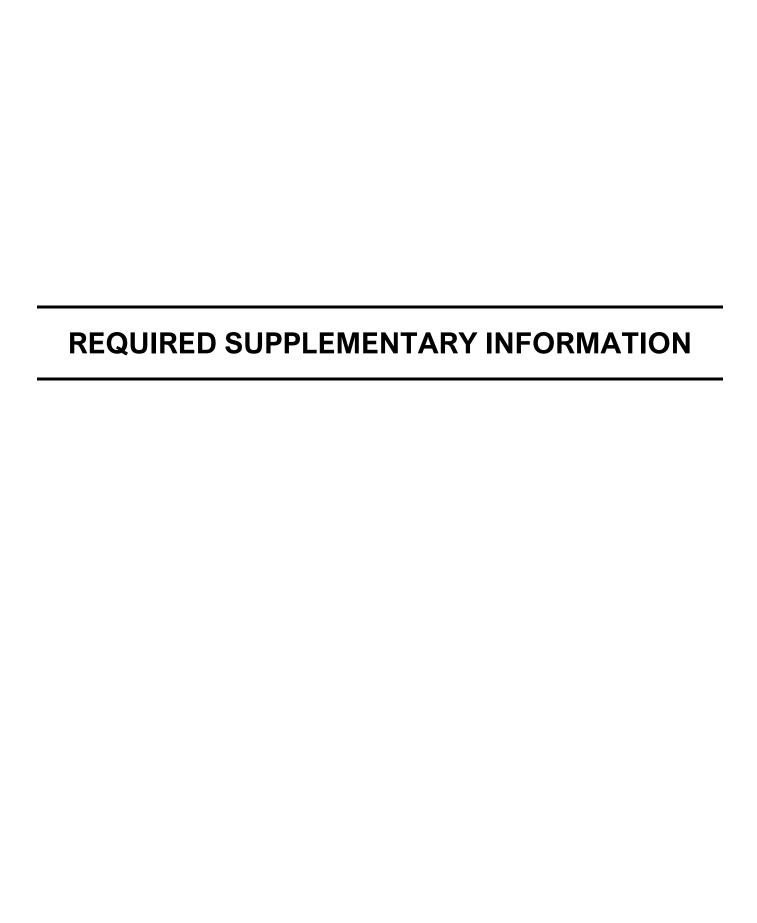
### NOTE 13 - DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

## A. Pension Plans

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, the District recognized deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions in the District-wide financial statements. Further information regarding the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources can be found at Note 10. At June 30, 2022, total deferred outflows related to pensions was \$6,767,035 and total deferred inflows related to pensions was \$18,584,385.

## B. Other Postemployment Benefits

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, the District recognized deferred outflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits and deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits in the District-wide financial statements. Further information regarding the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources can be found at Note 9. At June 30, 2022, total deferred outflows related to other postemployment benefits was \$1,079,636 and total deferred inflows related to other postemployment benefits was \$507,569.



# WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT GENERAL FUND – BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Budgeted Amounts				Actual*	Variances -		
	-	Original		Final	(Bud	dgetary Basis)	Final to Actual		
REVENUES									
LCFF sources	\$	32,446,727	\$	32,480,269	\$	32,314,194	\$	(166,075)	
Federal sources		1,017,444		2,696,271		2,287,418		(408,853)	
Other state sources		2,777,029		4,575,704		5,109,414		533,710	
Other local sources		3,193,031		3,483,872		4,048,560		564,688	
Total Revenues		39,434,231		43,236,116		43,759,586		523,470	
EXPENDITURES									
Certificated salaries		18,776,086		19,725,725		19,481,644		244,081	
Classified salaries		5,362,624		5,956,245		5,547,033		409,212	
Employee benefits		9,011,303		9,718,314		9,611,407		106,907	
Books and supplies		1,390,135		2,254,067		2,236,668		17,399	
Services and other operating expenditures		5,926,709		6,445,952		6,101,279		344,673	
Other outgo									
Transfers of indirect costs		-		-		(34,909)		34,909	
Total Expenditures		40,466,857		44,100,303		42,943,122		1,157,181	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
Over Expenditures		(1,032,626)		(864,187)		816,464		1,680,651	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfers in		65,000		65,000		65,000			
Net Financing Sources (Uses)		65,000		65,000		65,000			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(967,626)		(799,187)		881,464		1,680,651	
Fund Balance - Beginning		7,057,123		7,057,123		7,057,123			
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	6,089,497	\$	6,257,936	\$	7,938,587	\$	1,680,651	

<sup>\*</sup> The actual amounts reported on this schedule do not agree with the amounts reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance for the following reasons:

- Actual amounts reported in this schedule are for the General Fund only, and do not agree with the amounts reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances because the amounts on that schedule include the financial activity of the Special Reserve Fund for Other Than Capital Outlay Projects, in accordance with the fund type definitions promulgated by GASB Statement No. 54.
- The schedule above does include the audit adjustment to fair value of cash in county disclosed in the Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report With Audited Financial Statements.

## WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS – DISTRICT PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	June 30, 2022		June 30, 2021		June 30, 2020		June 30, 2019		June 30, 2018	
Total OPEB Liability										
Service cost	\$	493,228	\$	391,201	\$	236,570	\$	240,841	\$	234,395
Interest on total OPEB liability		87,020		113,272		78,809		71,820		58,514
Difference between expected and actual experience		(432,054)		(1,447)		233,484		-		-
Changes of assumptions		(58,371)		306,312		655,428		(39,779)		-
Benefits payments		(111,327)		(146,093)		(90,834)		(82,791)		(79,607)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(21,504)		663,245		1,113,457		190,091		213,302
Total OPEB liability - beginning		3,777,756		3,114,511		2,001,054		1,810,963		1,597,661
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$	3,756,252	\$	3,777,756	\$	3,114,511	\$	2,001,054	\$	1,810,963
District's Proportionate Share of the Net MPP OPEB Liability (b)	\$	188,581	\$	196,041	\$	213,162	\$	221,456	\$	243,406
District's total recorded net OPEB liability - ending (a) + (b)	\$	3,944,833	\$	3,973,797	\$	3,327,673	\$	2,222,510	\$	2,054,369
Covered-employee payroll		N/A*								

<sup>\*</sup>Note: The District's OPEB Plan is not administered through a trust and contributions are not made based on a measure of pay. Therefore, no measure of payroll is presented.

## WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS – MPP PROGRAM FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

(Dollars in thousands, except for District's proportionate share.)

	June	e 30, 2022	June	e 30, 2021	June	e 30, 2020	Jun	e 30, 2019	Jun	e 30, 2018
Total OPEB Liability				_						_
Interest on total OPEB liability	\$	9,009	\$	12,457	\$	14,225	\$	14,567	\$	12,928
Difference between expected and actual experience		(9,598)		(4,288)		(10,605)		(15,759)		(41)
Changes of assumptions		1,874		70,417		12,111		(10,293)		(31,240)
Benefits payments		(26,377)		(27,217)		(27,546)		(28,036)		(28,929)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(25,092)		51,369		(11,815)		(39,521)		(47,282)
Total OPEB liability - beginning		420,782		369,413		381,228		420,749		468,031
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	395,690	\$	420,782	\$	369,413	\$	381,228	\$	420,749
Plan fiduciary net position										
Contributions - employer	\$	26,988	\$	27,685	\$	27,977	\$	28,218	\$	29,117
Net investment income		6		25		29		18		11
Benefit payments		(26,377)		(27,217)		(27,546)		(28,036)		(28,929)
Administrative expenses		(788)		(512)		(1,902)		(578)		(168)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		(171)		(19)		(1,442)		(378)		31
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning, as previously reported		(3,003)		(2,984)		(1,542)		41		10
Adjustment for application of new GASB statement		-		-		-		(1,205)		-
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning, as adjusted		(3,003)		(2,984)		(1,542)		(1,164)		10
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$	(3,174)	\$	(3,003)	\$	(2,984)	\$	(1,542)	\$	41
MPP Program Net OPEB liability	\$	398,864	\$	423,785	\$	372,397	\$	382,770	\$	420,708
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$	188,581	\$	196,041	\$	213,162	\$	221,456	\$	243,406
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		-0.80%		-0.71%		-0.81%		-0.40%		0.01%
Covered-employee payroll*		*		*		*		*		*
District's net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		*		*		*		*		*

<sup>\*</sup>As of June 30, 2012, active members are no longer eligible for future enrollment in the MPP Program; therefore, the covered payroll disclosure is not applicable.

# WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - CALSTRS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Ju	ne 30, 2022	Ju	ine 30, 2021	Ju	une 30, 2020	Ju	ne 30, 2019	Ju	ine 30, 2018	Ju	ne 30, 2017	Jı	une 30, 2016	Ju	ne 30, 2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.031%		0.032%		0.032%		0.032%		0.033%		0.031%		0.034%		0.032%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	14,313,838	\$	31,361,589	\$	29,223,903	\$	29,625,112	\$	30,402,329	\$	25,337,613	\$	26,093,373	\$	18,907,831
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District <b>Total</b>	\$	7,202,318 21,516,156	\$	16,166,772 47,528,361	\$	15,943,590 45,167,493	\$	16,961,762 46,586,874	\$	17,985,761 48,388,090	\$	14,424,251 39,761,864	\$	13,800,518 39,893,891	\$	11,417,365 30,325,196
District's covered payroll	\$	17,175,268	\$	17,521,977	\$	17,392,310	\$	17,299,813	\$	16,435,596	\$	16,811,678	\$	15,699,493	\$	16,031,578
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		83.3%		179.0%		168.0%		171.2%		185.0%		150.7%		166.2%		117.9%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		87.2%		71.8%		72.6%		71.0%		69.5%		70.0%		74.0%		76.5%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the year-end that occurred one year prior.

# WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - CALPERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Jui	ne 30, 2022	Ju	ine 30, 2021	Ju	ine 30, 2020	Ju	ine 30, 2019	Ju	ıne 30, 2018	Ju	ne 30, 2017	Ju	ne 30, 2016	Jui	ne 30, 2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.036%		0.036%		0.037%		0.039%		0.034%		0.030%		0.029%		0.032%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	7,226,003	\$	11,022,612	\$	10,659,342	\$	10,328,288	\$	8,129,720	\$	5,896,190	\$	4,324,081	\$	3,660,454
District's covered payroll	\$	5,122,301	\$	5,300,857	\$	5,224,842	\$	5,271,167	\$	4,336,917	\$	3,938,702	\$	3,330,669	\$	3,518,453
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		141.1%		207.9%		204.0%		195.9%		187.5%		149.7%		129.8%		104.0%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		81.0%		70.0%		70.0%		70.8%		71.9%		73.9%		79.4%		83.4%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the year-end that occurred one year prior.

# WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - CALSTRS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Ju	ne 30, 2022	Jui	ne 30, 2021	Ju	ne 30, 2020	Ju	ne 30, 2019	Ju	ne 30, 2018	Ju	ne 30, 2017	Ju	ne 30, 2016	Ju	ne 30, 2015
Contractually required contribution	\$	3,194,604	\$	2,773,805	\$	2,996,258	\$	2,831,468	\$	2,496,363	\$	2,067,598	\$	1,803,893	\$	1,394,115
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution*		(3,194,604)		(2,773,805)		(2,996,258)		(2,831,468)		(2,496,363)		(2,067,598)		(1,803,893)		(1,394,115)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
District's covered payroll	\$	18,839,409	\$	17,175,268	\$	17,521,977	\$	17,392,310	\$	17,299,813	\$	16,435,596	\$	16,811,678	\$	15,699,493
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		16.96%		16.15%		17.10%		16.28%		14.43%		12.58%		10.73%		8.88%

<sup>\*</sup>Amounts do not include on-behalf contributions

# WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - CALPERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Jur	ne 30, 2022	Ju	ne 30, 2021	Jui	ne 30, 2020	Ju	ne 30, 2019	Jur	ne 30, 2018	Jur	e 30, 2017	Ju	ne 30, 2016	Jur	ne 30, 2015
Contractually required contribution	\$	1,333,713	\$	1,060,315	\$	1,045,382	\$	943,711	\$	818,665	\$	602,311	\$	466,618	\$	392,053
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution*		(1,333,713)		(1,060,315)		(1,045,382)		(943,711)		(818,665)		(602,311)		(466,618)		(392,053)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$		\$	
District's covered payroll	\$	5,445,460	\$	5,122,301	\$	5,300,857	\$	5,224,842	\$	5,271,167	\$	4,336,917	\$	3,938,702	\$	3,330,669
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		24.49%		20.70%		19.72%		18.06%		15.53%		13.89%		11.85%		11.77%

<sup>\*</sup>Amounts do not include on-behalf contributions

## WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### **NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES**

## **Budgetary Comparison Schedule**

This schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 34 as required supplementary information (RSI) for the General Fund and for each major special revenue fund that has a legally adopted annual budget. The budgetary comparison schedule presents both (a) the original and (b) the final appropriated budgets for the reporting period as well as (c) actual inflows, outflows, and balances, stated on the District's budgetary basis. A separate column to report the variance between the final budget and actual amounts is also presented, although not required.

## Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios - District Plan

This 10-year schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 75 for all sole and agent employers that provide other postemployment benefits (OPEB). Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 75 was applicable. The schedule presents the sources of change in the total OPEB liability, and the components of the total OPEB liability and related ratios.

## **Changes in Benefit Terms**

There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuation.

## **Changes in Assumptions**

The discount rate assumption decreased from 2.20% to 2.16% since the prior measurement.

## Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios – MPP Program

This 10-year schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 75 for all sole and agent employers that provide other postemployment benefits (OPEB). Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 75 was applicable. The schedule presents the sources of change in the net OPEB liability, and the components of the net OPEB liability and related ratios, including the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability.

### **Changes in Benefit Terms**

There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuation.

#### **Changes in Assumptions**

The discount rate used for 2021 financial reporting was 2.16%, a decrease from the rate of 2.20% used for 2020 financial reporting.

## Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

This 10-year schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 68 for each cost-sharing pension plan. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 68 was applicable. The schedule presents the District's proportion (percentage) of the collective net pension liability, the District's proportionate share (amount) of the collective net pension liability, the District's covered payroll, the District's proportionate share (amount) of the collective net pension liability as a percentage of the employer's covered payroll, and the pension plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability.

## **Changes in Benefit Terms**

There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuations for CalSTRS and CalPERS.

## **Changes in Assumptions**

There were no changes in economic assumptions since the previous valuations for CalSTRS and CalPERS.

## WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION, continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

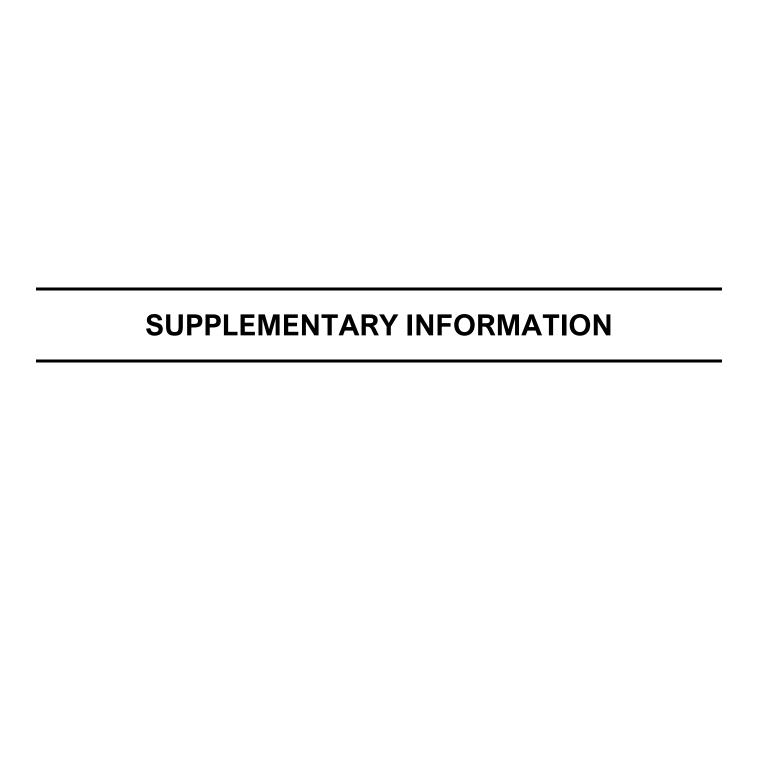
## NOTE 1 - PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES (continued)

### **Schedule of District Contributions**

This 10-year schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 68 for each cost-sharing pension plan. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 68 was applicable. The schedule presents the District's statutorily or contractually required employer contribution, the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contribution and the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contribution, the District's covered payroll, and the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contribution as a percentage of the District's covered payroll.

### NOTE 2 - EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District incurred no amounts in excess of expenditures over appropriations in individual major funds presented in the Budgetary Comparison Schedule by major object code.



# WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT **SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS** FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster	AL Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION:	<del> </del>		
Passed through California Department of Education:			
Title I, Part A, Basic Grants Low-Income and Neglected	84.010	14329	\$ 103,924
Title II, Part A, Supporting Effective Instruction Local Grants	84.367	14341	39,368
Title III, English Learner Student Program	84.365	14346	74,310
Title IV, Part A, Student Support and Academic Enrichment Grants	84.424	15396	11,538
Special Education Cluster [1]			,
IDEA Basic Local Assistance Entitlement, Part B, Sec 611	84.027	13379	642.049
IDEA Local Assistance, Part B, Sec 611, Private School ISPs	84.027	10115	6,979
ARP IDEA Part B, Sec 611, Local Assistance Entitlement	84.027	15638	137,068
ARP IDEA Part B, Sec.611, Local Assistance Private School Individual Service Plans (ISPs)	84.027	10169	1,490
IDEA Mental Health Average Daily Attendance (ADA) Allocation, Part B, Sec 611	84.027A	15197	40,216
ARP IDEA Part B, Sec 619, Preschool Grants	84.173	15639	15,172
IDEA Preschool Grants, Part B, Section 619 (Age 3-4-5)	84.173	13430	18,182
Subtotal Special Education Cluster			861,156
COVID-19 Emergency Acts Funding/Education Stabilization Fund Discretionary Grants: [1]			
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund	84.425	15536	13
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief II (ESSER II) Fund	84.425	15547	131,427
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief III (ESSER III) Fund	84.425	15559	568,314
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief III (ESSER III) Fund: Learning Loss	84.425U	10155	142,079
Expanded Learning Opportunities (ELO) Grant ESSER II State Reserve	84.425	15618	102,606
Expanded Learning Opportunities (ELO) Grant GEER II	84.425	15619	9,729
Expanded Learning Opportunities (ELO) Grant: ESSER III State Reserve, Emergency Needs	84.425	15620	187,027
Expanded Learning Opportunities (ELO) Grant: ESSER III State Reserve, Learning Loss	84.425	15621	28,544
Subtotal Education Stabilization Fund Discretionary Grants			1,169,739
Total U. S. Department of Education			2,260,035
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE:			
Passed through California Department of Education:			
COVID-19 Emergency Acts Funding/Extending Summer Food Service Program and SSO: Child Nutrition Cluster			
School Breakfast Program - Basic	10.553	13525	482,619
National School Lunch Program	10.555	13391	1,613,830
USDA Commodities [2]	10.555	*	144,713
SNP COVID-19 Emergency Operational Costs Reimbursement (ECR)	10.555	15637	31,616
Subtotal Child Nutrition Cluster			2,272,778
Total U. S. Department of Agriculture			2,272,778
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY:			
Passed through California Department of Education:			
COVID-19 Emergency Acts Funding:			
Coronavirus Relief Fund (CRF): Learning Loss Mitigation	21.019	25516	27,383
Total U. S. Department of the Treasury			27,383
Total Federal Expenditures			\$ 4,560,196

<sup>[1] -</sup> Major Program

<sup>[2] -</sup> In-Kind Contribution
\* - Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number not available or not applicable

# WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE (ADA) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Second Period Report	Annual Report
SCHOOL DISTRICT		
TK/K through Third		
Regular ADA	1,409.63	1,415.72
Extended Year Special Education	1.17	1.17
Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	0.38	0.31
Extended Year Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	0.07	0.07
Total TK/K through Third	1,411.25	1,417.27
Fourth through Sixth		_
Regular ADA	1,040.32	1,037.99
Extended Year Special Education	0.27	0.27
Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	3.57	2.87
Extended Year Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	0.43	0.43
Total Fourth through Sixth	1,044.59	1,041.56
Seventh through Eighth		_
Regular ADA	707.42	708.02
Extended Year Special Education	0.11	0.11
Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	1.90	1.53
Extended Year Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	0.41	0.41
Total Seventh through Eighth	709.84	710.07
TOTAL SCHOOL DISTRICT	3,165.68	3,168.90

# WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF INSTRUCTIONAL TIME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		2021-22		
	Minutes	Actual	Number	
Grade Level	Requirement	Minutes	of Days	Status
Kindergarten	36,000	36,590	180	Complied
Grade 1	50,400	54,875	180	Complied
Grade 2	50,400	54,875	180	Complied
Grade 3	50,400	54,875	180	Complied
Grade 4	54,000	54,875	180	Complied
Grade 5	54,000	54,875	180	Complied
Grade 6	54,000	58,181	180	Complied
Grade 7	54,000	58,181	180	Complied
Grade 8	54,000	58,181	180	Complied

## WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL TRENDS AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	20	23 (Budget)		2022	2021	2020
General Fund - Budgetary Basis** Revenues And Other Financing Sources Expenditures And Other Financing Uses	\$	42,301,953 \$ 44,845,477	3	43,824,586 42,943,122	\$ 42,684,662 39,075,612	\$ 37,954,775 37,958,840
Net change in Fund Balance	\$	(2,543,524) \$		881,464	\$ 3,609,050	\$ (4,065)
Ending Fund Balance	\$	5,395,063 \$	i	7,938,587	\$ 7,958,066	\$ 6,180,138
Available Reserves*	\$	3,563,376 \$		7,409,848	\$ 6,932,106	\$ 5,182,287
Available Reserves As A Percentage Of Outgo		7.95%		17.26%	17.74%	13.65%
Long-term Liabilities	\$	91,538,587 \$	i	95,044,207	\$ 119,517,808	\$ 98,303,184
Average Daily Attendance At P-2***		3,225		3,166	3,444	3,444

The General Fund ending fund balance has increased by \$1,758,449 over the past two years. However, the fiscal year 2022-23 budget projects a decrease of \$2,543,524. For a District this size, the State recommends available reserves of at least 3% of General Fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses (total outgo).

The District has incurred operating surpluses in two of the past three years but anticipates incurring an operating deficit during the 2022-23 fiscal year. Total long-term obligations have decreased by \$3,258,977 over the past two years.

Average daily attendance has decreased by 278 ADA over the past two years. However, an increase of 59 ADA is anticipated during the 2022-23 fiscal year.

<sup>\*</sup>Available reserves consist of all unassigned fund balance within the General Fund.

<sup>\*\*</sup>The actual amounts reported in this schedule are for the General Fund only, and do not agree with the amounts reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances because the amounts on that schedule include the financial activity of the Special Reserve Fund for Other Than Capital Outlay Projects, in accordance with the fund type definitions promulgated by GASB Statement No. 54. In addition, audit adjustments are not reflected in the schedule above.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, Average Daily Attendance at P-2 was not reported in 2021. Funding was based on Average Daily Attendance at P-2 as reported in 2020.

# WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND BUDGET REPORT WITH AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Ge	eneral Fund	Cafe	eteria Fund	Fu T	ecial Reserve nd for Other han Capital tlay Projects	Bı	uilding Fund	Ca	pital Facilities Fund	Fu	ecial Reserve nd for Capital tlav Proiects	ond Interest Redemption Fund
June 30, 2022, annual financial and budget report fund balance Adjustments and reclassifications: Increase (decrease) in total fund balances:	\$	7,938,587	\$	802,706	\$	1,719,567	\$	13,288,424	\$	4,563		318,810	\$ 4,971,057
Fair value adjustment (GASB 31)		(98,497)		(7,489)		-		(163,899)		(55)		(3,851)	(60,053)
Fund balance transfer (GASB 54)		1,719,567		-		(1,719,567)		-		-		-	<u>-</u>
Net adjustments and reclassifications		1,621,070		(7,489)		(1,719,567)		(163,899)		(55)		(3,851)	(60,053)
June 30, 2022, audited financial statement fund balance	\$	9,559,657	\$	795,217	\$	-	\$	13,124,525	\$	4,508	\$	314,959	\$ 4,911,004

	Cafe	eteria Fund	Сар	oital Facilities Fund	Fun	cial Reserve d for Capital lay Projects	Non-Major overnmental Funds
ASSETS							
Cash and investments	\$	615,530	\$	4,508	\$	314,959	\$ 934,997
Accounts receivable		243,012		-		-	243,012
Stores inventory		22,175		-		-	22,175
Total Assets	\$	880,717	\$	4,508	\$	314,959	\$ 1,200,184
LIABILITIES							
Accrued liabilities	\$	15,886	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 15,886
Unearned revenue		69,614		-		-	69,614
Total Liabilities		85,500		-		-	85,500
FUND BALANCES							
Non-spendable		22,175		-		-	22,175
Restricted		773,042		4,508		-	777,550
Assigned		-		-		314,959	314,959
Total Fund Balances		795,217		4,508		314,959	1,114,684
<b>Total Liabilities and Fund Balances</b>	\$	880,717	\$	4,508	\$	314,959	\$ 1,200,184

## WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Cafe	eteria Fund	Сар	oital Facilities Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	Non-Major Governmental Funds
REVENUES						
Federal sources	\$	2,272,778	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 2,272,778
Other state sources		137,422		-	-	137,422
Other local sources		71,291		253,895	(2,010)	323,176
Total Revenues		2,481,491		253,895	(2,010)	2,733,376
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
Pupil services						
Food services		1,783,482		-	-	1,783,482
General administration						
All other general administration		34,909		-	-	34,909
Plant services		-		-	12,772	12,772
Facilities acquisition and construction		-		3,005,000	63,149	3,068,149
Total Expenditures		1,818,391		3,005,000	75,921	4,899,312
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		663,100		(2,751,105)	(77,931)	(2,165,936)
Fund Balance - Beginning		132,117		2,755,613	392,890	3,280,620
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	795,217	\$	4,508	\$ 314,959	\$ 1,114,684

## WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT LOCAL EDUCATION AGENCY ORGANIZATION STRUCTURE JUNE 30, 2022

The Walnut Creek School District was established on November 1, 1860 and consists of an area comprising approximately 25 square miles. The District operates five elementary schools and one intermediate school. There were no boundary changes during the year.

### **GOVERNING BOARD**

Member	Office	Term Expires
Aimee Moss	President	December 2022
Zetta Reicker	Clerk	December 2024
Sarah Talach	Member	December 2024
Nithin Lyengar	Member	December 2022
Heidi Hernandez Gatty	Member	December 2022

## **DISTRICT ADMINISTRATORS**

Marie Morgan Superintendent

Vincent Morales
Chief Business Official

Jan Rogenski
Assistant Superintendent of Education Services

Amy Espinoza
Director of Special Services

Ruben Fernandez

Director of Innovation and Technology

## WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2022

### **NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES**

## **Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards**

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the Federal grant activity of the District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

The District has not elected to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate.

## Schedule of Average Daily Attendance (ADA)

Average daily attendance (ADA) is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of state funds are made to school districts. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

### **Schedule of Instructional Time**

This schedule presents information on the amount of instructional time offered by the District and whether the District complied with article 8 (commencing with section 46200) of chapter 2 of part 26 of the *Education Code*.

## **Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis**

This schedule discloses the District's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

## Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balance of all funds reported on the Annual Financial and Budget Report Unaudited Actuals to the audited financial statements.

#### <u>Combining Statements – Non-Major Funds</u>

These statements provide information on the District's non-major funds.

## **Local Education Agency Organization Structure**

This schedule provides information about the District's boundaries and schools operated, members of the governing board, and members of the administration.



## REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Independent Auditors' Report

Governing Board Walnut Creek Elementary School District Walnut Creek, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Walnut Creek Elementary School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Walnut Creek Elementary School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 28, 2022.

#### Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Walnut Creek Elementary School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Walnut Creek Elementary School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Walnut Creek Elementary School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Walnut Creek Elementary School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statement. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

348 Olive Street San Diego, CA 92103

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

San Diego, California November 28, 2022

histy White, Inc.

### REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM; AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Independent Auditors' Report

Governing Board Walnut Creek Elementary School District Walnut Creek, California

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Walnut Creek Elementary School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Walnut Creek Elementary School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. Walnut Creek Elementary School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Walnut Creek Elementary School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

#### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations (CFR)* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Walnut Creek Elementary School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Walnut Creek Elementary School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of the laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Walnut Creek Elementary School District's federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit for Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Walnut Creek Elementary School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect a material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Walnut Creek Elementary School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and
  perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis,
  evidence regarding Walnut Creek Elementary School District's compliance with compliance requirements
  referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Walnut Creek Elementary School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Walnut Creek Elementary School District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance (continued)**

histy White, Inc.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

San Diego, California November 28, 2022

#### REPORT ON STATE COMPLIANCE

**Independent Auditors' Report** 

Governing Board Walnut Creek Elementary School District Walnut Creek, California

#### **Report on State Compliance**

#### Opinion on State Compliance

We have audited Walnut Creek Elementary School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the 2021-2022 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, prescribed by Title 5, California Code of Regulations, section 19810, that could have a direct and material effect on each of Walnut Creek Elementary School District's state programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, as identified below.

In our opinion, Walnut Creek Elementary School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the applicable state programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

#### Basis for Opinion on State Compliance

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *2021-2022 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting*, prescribed by Title 5, *California Code of Regulations*, section 19810 as regulations (the K-12 Audit Guide). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of State Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Walnut Creek Elementary School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on state compliance. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Walnut Creek Elementary School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of the laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Walnut Creek Elementary School District's state programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of State Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the state compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Walnut Creek Elementary School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the K-12 Audit Guide will always detect a material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Walnut Creek Elementary School District's compliance with the requirements of the applicable state programs as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, and the K-12 Audit Guide, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and
  perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis,
  evidence regarding Walnut Creek Elementary School District's compliance with compliance requirements
  referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Walnut Creek Elementary School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the K-12 Audit Guide, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Walnut Creek Elementary School District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

**DPOCEDITIES** 

 Select and test transactions and records to determine Walnut Creek Elementary School District's compliance with the state laws and regulations related to the following items:

	PROCEDURES
PROGRAM NAME	PERFORMED
Local Education Agencies Other Than Charter Schools	
Attendance	Yes
Teacher Certification and Misassignments	Yes
Kindergarten Continuance	Yes
Independent Study	No
Continuation Education	Not Applicable
Instructional Time	Yes
Instructional Materials	Yes
Ratio of Administrative Employees to Teachers	Yes
Classroom Teacher Salaries	Yes
Early Retirement Incentive	Not Applicable
Gann Limit Calculation	Yes
School Accountability Report Card	Yes
Juvenile Court Schools	Not Applicable
Middle or Early College High Schools	Not Applicable
K-3 Grade Span Adjustment	Yes
Transportation Maintenance of Effort	Yes
Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction	Not Applicable
Comprehensive School Safety Plan	Yes
District of Choice	Not Applicable

PROCEDURES
PERFORMED
Yes
Not Applicable
Yes
Yes
Yes
Not Applicable
Yes
Yes
Yes
Not Applicable
Yes
Not Applicable
Not Applicable
Not Applicable
Not Applicable
Not Applicable
Not Applicable

We did not perform testing for independent study because program ADA was not material. The term "Not Applicable" is used above to mean either the District did not offer the program during the current fiscal year or the program applies to a different type of local education agency.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of State Compliance section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

#### Report on Internal Control Over Compliance (continued)

husty White, Inc.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the K-12 Audit Guide. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

San Diego, California November 28, 2022



# WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Type of auditors' report issued:	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	None Reported
Non-compliance material to financial statements noted?	No
FEDERAL AWARDS	
Internal control over major program:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	None Reported
Type of auditors' report issued:	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance	
with Uniform Guidance 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	No
Identification of major programs:	
AL Number(s) Name of Federal Program or Cluster	
84.027, 84.027A, 84.173 Special Education Cluster	_
84.425, 84.425U Education Stabilization Fund Discretionary Grants	
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$ 750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	No
STATE AWARDS	
Internal control over state programs:	
Material weaknesses identified?	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	None Reported
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance	
with 2021-22 Guide for Annual Audits of California K-12 Local Education Agencies?	No
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for state programs:	Unmodified

#### WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

FIVE DIGIT CODE

**AB 3627 FINDING TYPE** 

20000 30000

Inventory of Equipment Internal Control

There were no financial statement findings for the year ended June 30, 2022.

#### WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

FIVE DIGIT CODE 50000

**AB 3627 FINDING TYPE** 

Federal Compliance

There were no federal award findings or questioned costs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

#### WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATE AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

FIVE DIGIT CODE	AB 3627 FINDING TYPE
10000	Attendance
40000	State Compliance
42000	Charter School Facilities Programs
43000	Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction
60000	Miscellaneous
61000	Classroom Teacher Salaries
62000	Local Control Accountability Plan
70000	Instructional Materials
71000	Teacher Misassignments
72000	School Accountability Report Card

There were no state award findings or questioned costs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

#### WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

There were no findings or questioned costs for the year ended June 30, 2021.